

Vetting the Security of Mobile Applications Revision 1 Update

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Introduction

- Primary POC for Revision 1 of NIST SP 800-163
- 12 Years at NIST in ITL
- 5 years collaboration with Public Safety Communications Research (PSCR)
- Software and Systems Division
 Software Assurance Metrics and
 Tool Evaluation (SAMATE) Project



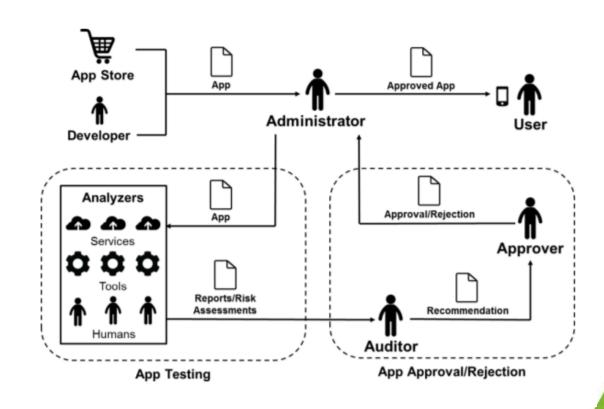






Original Document (2015)

- Defined app vetting process
- Defined an app's path through that process
- Explored threats in the mobile app landscape



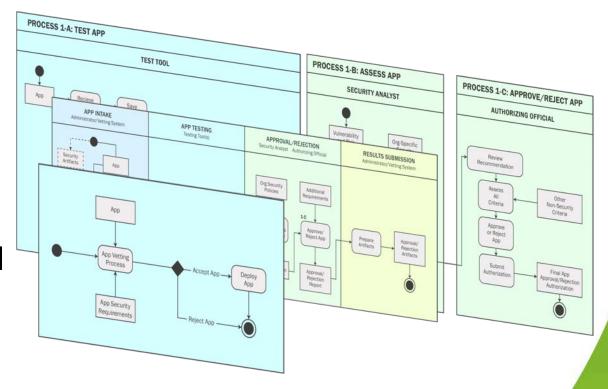






Revision 1 (2018)

- Expands and refines vetting process
- Incorporates existing requirements and recommendations for app
 - Testing
 - Vulnerability assessment and description
- Explores threats in the mobile app landscape

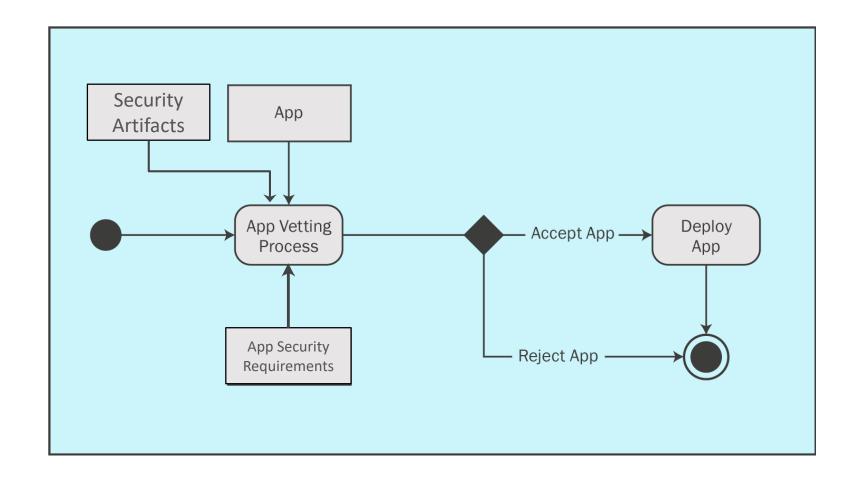








Expanding Document Scope

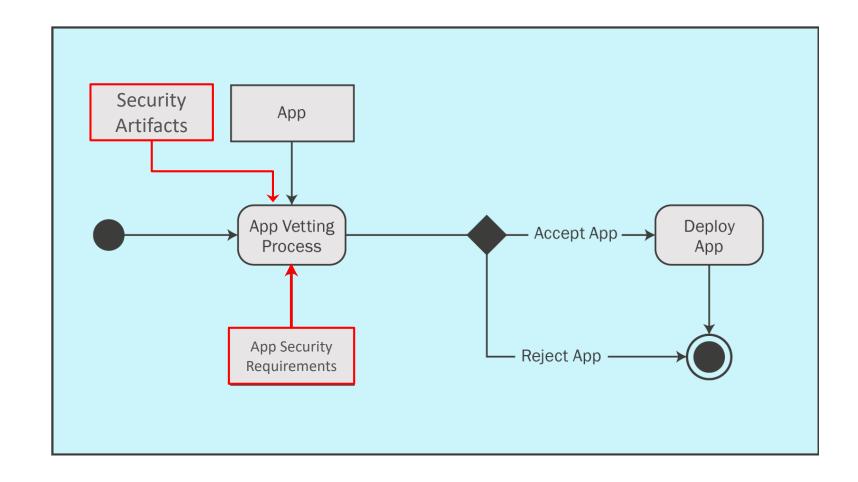








Expanding Document Scope









Application Security Requirements

- Referencing existing requirements
 - NIAP
 - OWASP
 - MITRE
 - NIST SP 800-53

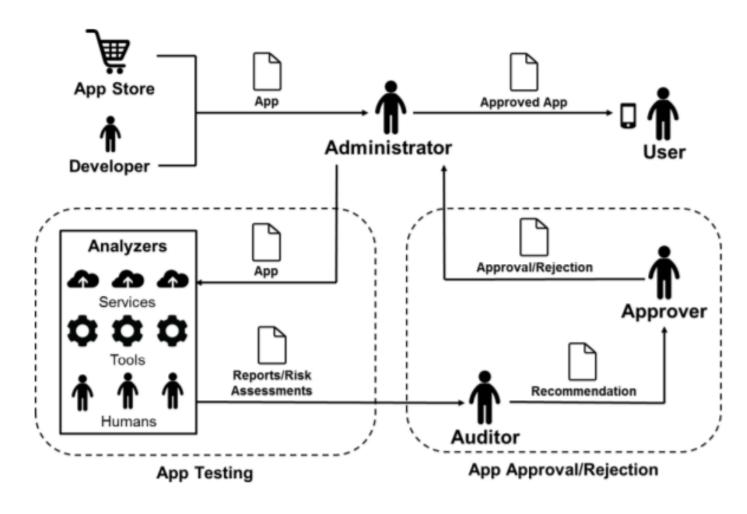
- Detailing organizationspecific requirements
 - Policies
 - Provenance
 - Data Sensitivity
 - App Criticality
 - Target Users
 - Target Hardware
 - Target Environment







Refining the Process

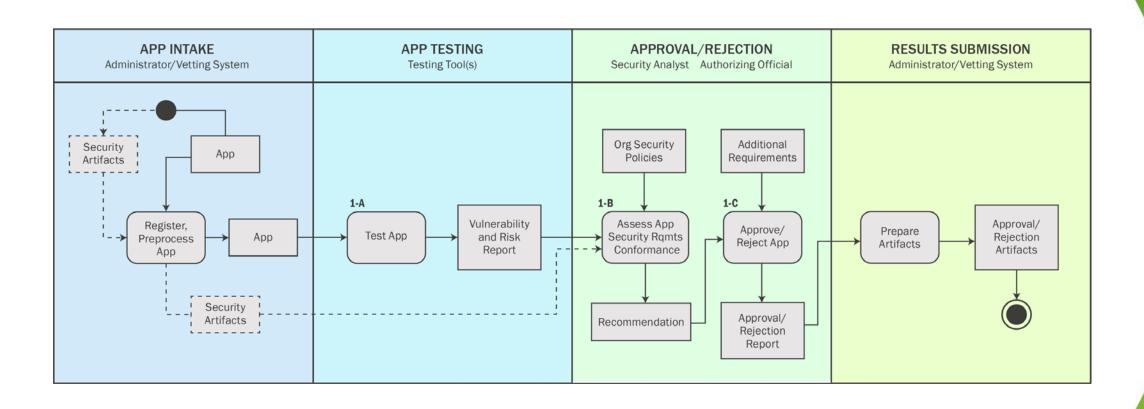








Refining the Process

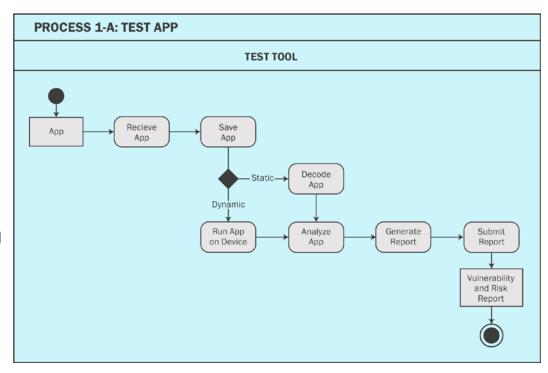






App Testing and Vulnerability Classifiers

- Testing Approaches
 - Correctness Testing
 - Source and Binary Code Testing
 - Static and Dynamic Testing
- Vulnerability Classifiers and Quantifiers
 - Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE)
 - Common Vulnerability and Exposures (CVE)
 - Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS)









App Vetting Considerations

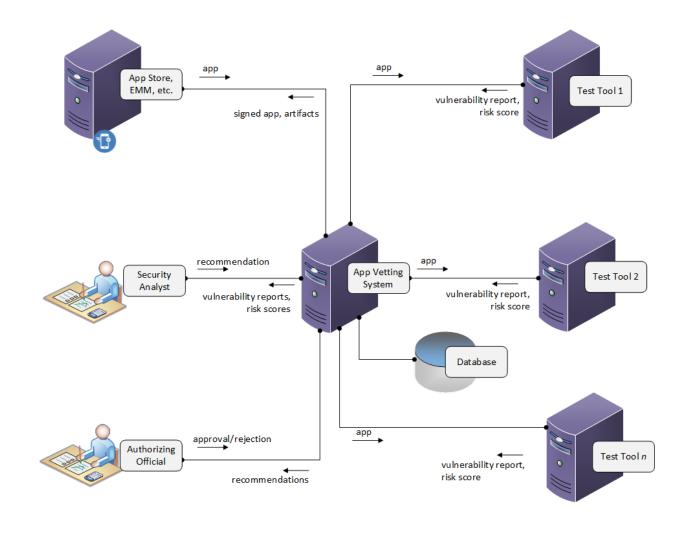
- Managed and Unmanaged Apps
- App Vetting Limitations
- Local and Remote Tools and Services
- Automated Approval/Rejection
- Reciprocity
- Budget and Staffing







Example App Vetting Architecture









Public Comment Period

- Ends September 6th
- Email comments to
 - nist800-163@nist.gov

